Hello Year 5 children from 5/6B!

Welcome to your final three week's work for Year 5! Can you believe that you're nearly in Year 6 now? All the staff at school are missing you and are sad that we haven't been able to see you before the end of the year, but the most important thing is keeping safe.

A big thank you to Mrs Bullement who has planned this last lot of home learning for you all and I hope you'll enjoy these tasks and challenges; as before, we have made sure that all our Year 5 children are covering roughly the same work, across all classes. If there seems like a lot of work, don't worry - just complete as much as you can. If you need any help, remember that you can contact me through school on 01400 659001, or by email: enquiries@cranwell.lincs.sch.uk. Mrs Mulhall and I wish you all a very happy Summer Holiday and we look forward to seeing your smiling faces again very soon.

Mrs Birchenall

Maths – Weeks beginning 29/6, 6/7 and 13/7

Please continue to complete your daily maths lesson, using the White Rose resources from the website. Have a go at the questions on the videos, on a piece of paper. Remember to also follow the links to BBC Bitesize for even more practise. You can find your lessons here: https://whiterosemaths.com/homelearning/year-5/. Remember, the videos are also available on Facebook, if the website is overloaded.

This next section of work contains some areas that we haven't covered in class (they are Summer Term topics), so it would be really useful if you could try to complete each lesson. The topics are:

Week 10: angles

Week 11: shape and direction

Week 12: measure

Drawing and measuring angles takes a bit of practise and we are looking for an accuracy of +/- 2°! It would be great if you could practise with a protractor, so I've included a sheet to support you in this. You can buy a protractor as part of a simple geometry kit in the supermarket, or you might find that an older brother or sister has one already.

Of course, I'll continue to set tasks on Mathletics, but only do these if you have spare time!

Want a challenge? I've included some extra sheets below and remember to try some of the puzzles in the 'Daily Rigour': https://www.cdmasterworks.co.uk/the-daily-rigour/

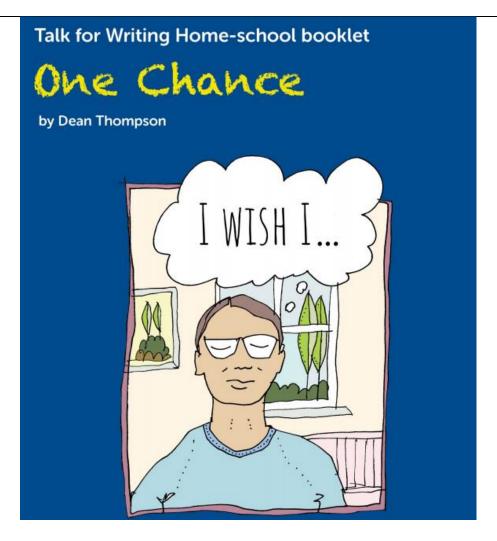


Literacy – 2 Weeks (w/c 29th June and 6th July)

Please follow the link below to access a home learning booklet called 'One Chance' (this can either be printed or you can write your answers and ideas on paper or in a notebook): https://www.talk4writing.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/05/Y5-One-Chance.pdf

This booklet is designed for you to work on at your own pace: it takes you through a series of literacy tasks related to the story including: reading comprehension, grammar, vocabulary and planning tasks. The booklet culminates in you writing a story about a wish!

Please don't try to complete this in one sitting; we have used these booklets in class and have found they take more than a week to complete properly. Try to complete a page or two each day and enjoy creating a fantastic story. If you'd like to show me your finished work, you could take a picture of it and ask Mum or Dad to email it to me at school!



Literacy – Final week!

So here we are at the end of Year 5! It's been a funny ending, but you have learned so much and discovered more about the world and about yourself over the past 11 months. What were your favourite parts? Did you achieve everything that you had planned? Have you had surprises, made happy (or perhaps sad) memories?

Your final task this year is to write about your time in Year 5. I suggest you go about it like this:

Monday: think back and jot down your memories of the past year. You can include family events as well as school! You could do this as a list or as a mind-map. Tuesday: plan your writing. Will you choose to write chronologically (in time order) or use subheadings to write about separate events?

Wednesday: draft your piece.

Thursday: read your piece through with an adult or older sibling. Can they suggest any improvements? Now carefully edit your work, checking every sentence makes sense and that your spellings are correct.

Friday: write up your work in best, then share it with your parents. If you've done a fabulous piece, I'd love to see it! Ask Mum or Dad to email it to me at enquiries@cranwell.lincs.sch.uk

Reading – The Summer Reading Challenge

Hopefully, you've had time to explore the wonderful world of books over the past few weeks, so are you ready for the Summer Reading Challenge? Have a look at this website for details about how to get involved, including helpful tips on how to access new books if you're stuck in the house: https://summerreadingchallenge.org.uk/



Geography – Week beginning 29/6 Where does our food come from?

We enjoy many foods that aren't produced in our country – is this a good thing? Your task this week is to find out where the food in your cupboards has come from! Use an atlas or online map to identify the country in which your food item was produced and write down how many miles it has travelled to arrive in the UK. You might find these websites useful:

www.google.com/maps

Geography – Week beginning 6/7

Water

We are very lucky: when we turn on a tap, fresh, clean water flows out. We have access to flushing toilet and are able to have a bath or shower when we are dirty. Many people aren't so fortunate. This week, we'll explore where our water comes from and think about what life is like for people who don't have a convenient supply of fresh water.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/z8qtfg8 - find out all about the water cycle https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4V-KoJGGJ4s - a daily 'water walk'

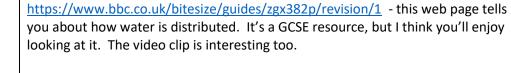
https://www.distancefromto.net/distance-from-united-kingdom-country

You'll find a sheet to complete below.

Now think...

- Should we import food from abroad?
- What are the benefits of importing food?
- What are the disadvantages?

You might like to discuss your thoughts with your parents - do they agree?



Activity: make a water cycle wheel (see sheets below). Please note that the sheet uses the American spelling of vapour (*vapor*).

Note: After this task, we will have completed our Geography work, so there's nothing further to work on next week ©

Spelling Task – Week beginning 29/6/20

Have you come across any words you didn't understand in your reading over the past few weeks? I would like you to make a list of 10 unfamiliar words that grabbed your attention and to learn them.

Once you have learned and practised them so that you feel confident, ask an adult or an older sibling (you could even do this over a video call with your grandparents or other family member – amaze them!) to test you on your chosen words.

Challenge yourself – but most importantly have fun!

Spelling Task – Week beginning 6/7/20

Can you use a dictionary to find out what these words mean and then learn how to spell them? Don't worry if you don't have a dictionary at home: you can, with your parents' permission, use Google or these online ones:

https://www.wordsmyth.net/
https://kids.britannica.com/kids/browse/dictionary.

Conservation
Evaporation Irrigation
Condensation
Surplus
Deficit
Quality
Salinity
Ocean

Vapour

Spelling Task – Week beginning 13/7/20

This week, I'd like you to test yourself on the Year 5/6 words! I've included a complete list of these below. Please spend some time revising them, then ask Mum or Dad to rest you on a random selection of 20. How many will you get right?

An idea which might be fun is to perhaps set up a family challenge on Zoom and see who is the best speller in your family. Some of these words are tricky and even grown-ups spell them wrong sometimes!

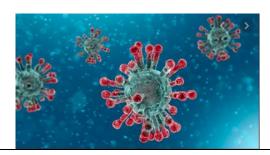
German

We hope you have been enjoying practising your German, using Duo Lingo. Keep having a quick go each day (5 minutes is fine) – it's fun and you'll learn so many new words! https://www.duolingo.com/



Art / DT / Science

Covid 19 has been in the news constantly this year. It has a weird appearance, with lots of spiky projections! Your challenge is to build a 3-d model of the virus. You might like to use papier mache and cardbaord, and lots of brightly coloured paint. Here is an image to inspire you.



ICT

It's a great skill to be able to type fluently and there is a fantastic free resource, called 'Dancemat' available on the BBC Bitesize website to help you to learn how: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zf2f9j6/articles/z3c6tfr

There are different levels to progress through, with the aim of teaching you to type without having to look down at your fingers. I wish I had learned to do this years ago!

PE - w/c 29th June

Wheeled sports this week! If you have a bike, a scooter, skateboard or even some roller skates, try to get out each day and enjoy the sunshine. Can you learn a new trick to impress your friends with, once lockdown has ended? Make sure you wear all the right safety kit though!

PE - w/c 6th July

Press-up challenge! It's tricky to do a press-up correctly, as you'll know from our PE lessons. How about asking Mum or Dad to show you the correct technique? Then challenge yourself to practise each day and challenge a friend to see who can do the most?

PE - w/c 13th July

Create a scavenger hunt for your family to enjoy! There are some super ideas on this website to give you some inspiration:

https://www.goodhousekeeping.com/life/parenting/g32050844/scavenger-hunt-ideas-for-kids/

Science

Some fun stuff! There are loads of great ideas for science-based activities in this website: www.sciencefun.org/kidszone/experiments/

Why not have a go at:

- Making a lava lamp or volcano
- Making your own play dough or snow fluff
- Milk art
- Paper hovercraft



Lava Lamp:
Use Density to Build a



Chemical Eruption in



Storm in a Class:

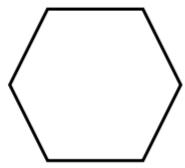


Dry Erase:
Draw Figures that

I'd love to see some photos of your creations!

2. Jamie is creating a mosaic out of regular hexagons. Each tile has a total perimeter of 30cm.



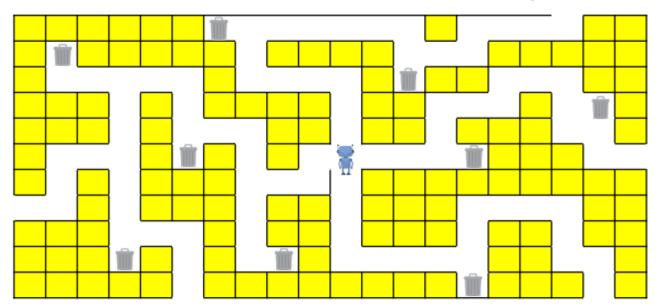


Not drawn to scale.

Explore the various ways he could organise his tiles so that his mosaic has a total perimeter of 120cm. Each tile must share at least one side with another tile.

DP

1. Kyle wants to program his Eco 3000 robot so that it can exit the grid but it is stuck in the centre. Explore the shortest route possible. What would be the longest route?



Eco 3000 loves to eat rubbish. What is the greatest amount of rubbish he can collect within 30 moves before he finds the exit?

DP

1. Ryan is trying to work a route for his journey. He estimates the different lengths of various routes on a map.

Route L	engths
2.62km	0.95km
$1\frac{1}{5}$ km	2,150m
3,450m	6.11km
0.45km	1,980m
$2\frac{3}{4}$ km	$\frac{1}{2}$ km



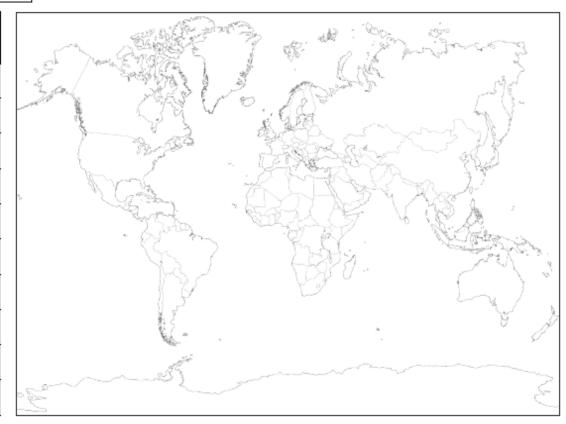
Using at least 6 different routes above, explore which combinations he could choose which would add up to less than 10km in total.

He has chosen to use 5 different routes. What is the longest route he could have chosen?

D

Geography: w/c 29th June

Where It Comes From	Food Miles



How far has all the food in your shopping travelled?

It's about 25,000 miles around the Earth. Has your shopping travelled that far?

Water Cycle Wheel

All the water on the Earth has been around forever.

The water cycle keeps our water supply going around and around

Have you ever seen water drops on a plant?

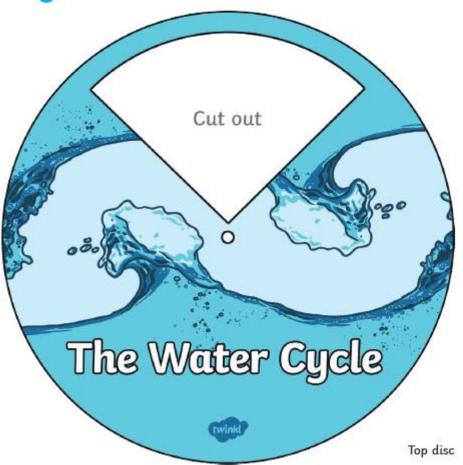
No, it's not sweating. Plants are going through transpiration in which the plants lose water through their leaves. Transpiration helps out by putting water vapor back into the air.

Do you know that you have seen condensation at work?

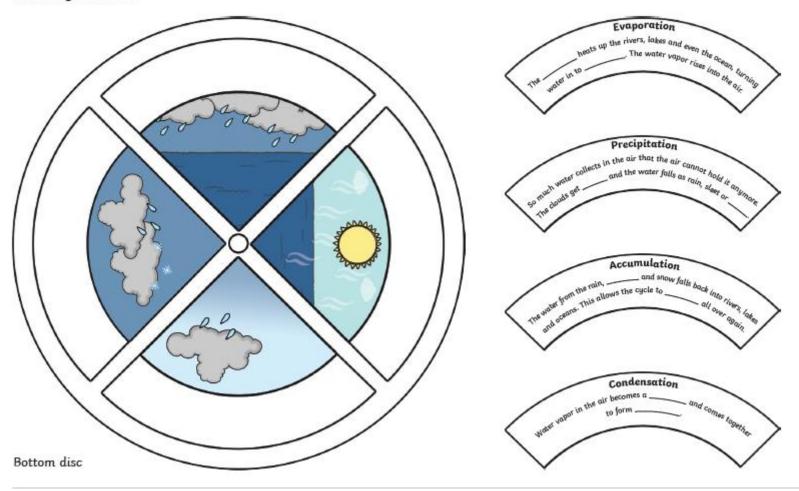
If you've ever had a drink in a cold glass or a can and the air is warm outside, you'll see water drops on the outside of the glass. This is because the water vapor in the warm air is being cooled back down into a liquid on the surface of the glass or can.

Instructions:

Cut out both discs. Place top disc over bottom disc and fix together. Line up the images and text on the bottom disc with the cut out window on the top disc to create your water cycle wheel.



Water Cycle Wheel



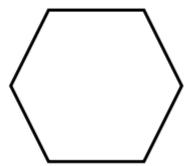
Spelling Challenge: w/c 13th July

spell by the end of Year 6 (age 11). How many can you spell? 100 words that children in England are expected to be able to

convenience	controversy	conscious	conscience	competition	community	communicate	committee	cemetery	category	bruise	bargain	awkward	average	available	attached	appreciate	apparent	ancient	amateur	aggressive	achieve	according	accompany	accommodate
hindrance	harass	guarantee	government	frequently	forty	foreign	familiar	explanation	existence	excellent	exaggerate	especially	equip (-ped, -ment)	environment	embarrass	disastrous	dictionary	develop	determined	desperate	definite	curiosity	criticise (critic + ise)	correspond
pronunciation	programme	profession	privilege	prejudice	physical	persuade	parliament	opportunity	occur	occupy	nuisance	neighbour	necessary	muscle	mischievous	marvellous	lightning	leisure	language	interrupt	interfere	individual	immediate(ly)	identity
yacht	vehicle	vegetable	variety	twelfth	thorough	temperature	system	symbol	suggest	sufficient	stomach	soldier	sincere(ly)	signature	shoulder	secretary	sacrifice	rhythm	rhyme	restaurant	relevant	recommend	recognise	queue

2. Jamie is creating a mosaic out of regular hexagons. Each tile has a total perimeter of 30cm.

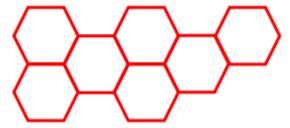




Not drawn to scale.

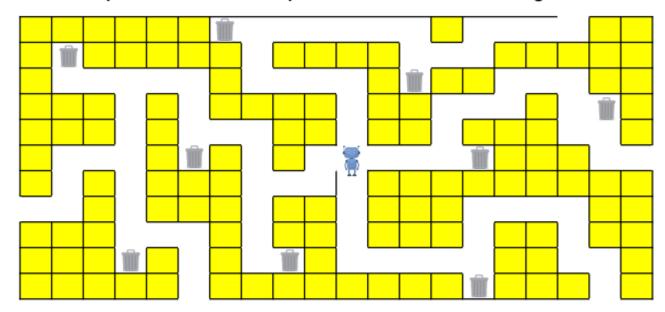
Explore the various ways he could organise his tiles so that his mosaic has a total perimeter of 120cm. Each tile must share at least one side with another tile.

Various possible answers including:



DP

1. Kyle wants to program his Eco 3000 robot so that it can exit the grid but it is stuck in the centre. Explore the shortest route possible. What would be the longest route?



Eco 3000 loves to eat rubbish. What is the greatest amount of rubbish he can collect within 30 moves before he finds the exit?

Shortest route: 3 right, 2 up, 2 right, 1 up, 2 right, 2 down, 1 right, 1 down 2 right. Longest route: 1 left, 1 down, 2 left, 2 up, 2 left, 2 up, 2 left, 6 down, 2 right, 3 down. Eco 3000 can collect a maximum of 3 items of rubbish before he runs out of moves.

)P

1. Ryan is trying to work a route for his journey. He estimates the different lengths of various routes on a map.

Route L	engths.
2.62km	0.95km
$1\frac{1}{5}$ km	2,150m
3,450m	6.11km
0.45km	1,980m
$2\frac{3}{4}$ km	$\frac{1}{2}$ km



Using at least 6 different routes above, explore which combinations he could choose which would add up to less than 10km in total.

Various possible answers including: 0.95km, $1\frac{1}{5}$ km, 2,150m, 3,450m, 0.45km, $\frac{1}{2}$ km

He has chosen to use 5 different routes. What is the longest route he could have chosen?

The longest route possible using only 5 routes: 6.11km, 3,450m, $2\frac{3}{4}$ km, 2.62km, 2,150m = 17.08km

D